



Chapter 6 PROVISIONS

Entire contract

- Includes policy, application and riders (not medical exam)
- "Nothing may be incorporated by reference

Insuring clause

- Basic promise to pay a death benefit
- Signed by the president and secretary of the insurance company
- Beneficiary's instruction

Free-look

- BEGINS AT DELIVERY
- Receives a full refund
- Life = 14 days, Annuity = 21 days, Health = 10 days, LTC/Medigap = 30 days

Consideration clause – NOT ON COVER / FIRST PAGE

Premium schedule = amount & frequency

MODE

Weekly – lowest premium rate, highest cost/outlay

Annually – highest premium rate, lowest cost/outlay

Grace period – late time for premium

- Industrial = 4 weeks
- Ordinary = 1 month (30 days)
- Age 64+ = additional 21 days, also have to let you know you can name a "secondary addressee"
- Die within the grace period = pay the claim AND subtract premium owed

<u>Reinstatement</u> – Need premium, interest, pay back loans (replace the cash value), prove insurability

- Yes new contestable period
- NO NEW SUICIDE CLAUSE
- Can go back 3-7 years, depends on the company

<u>Policy loan provision</u> (interest on loans)

- flat = 10% max, some states 8%...refer to your law chapter
- if it is adjustable the rate is tied to Moody's

Misrepresentation (Lying) on the application: All depends on what you lied about, see chart below

Not Material Facts	Material Facts	3 l's
Not a deal breaker	Deal breaker	More severe than
Yes insurable but	Uninsurable (like a	material facts
more expensive	serious health	Deny claim/void
Sex	condition)	policy at ANY TIME
Age	First 2 years – Deny	
Smoking	claim/void policy AND refund	Impersonation
 ADJUST THE BENEFIT 	premiums	No insurable interest
ANY TIME		Intent to kill (murder)
	After 2 years – We're stuck	
	with you and pay the claim	

Suicide

- Within first 2 years = deny claim and refund premiums
- After 2 years = pay the claim

<u>Automatic premium loan</u> – prevents unintentional lapse

OPTIONS

Nonforfeiture Options

- 1. Cash surrender no more insurance, take the cash value and go on vacation
 - Any Gain is taxable income –if you get back more cash value than premiums paid in
 - Industrial = 5 years (must have available cash value) "Indy 500"
 - Ordinary = 3 years (must have available cash value)
 - Delayed payment provision applies to cash value, can make you wait 6 months
- 2. Reduced paid-up = whole life (because "paid-up" = whole life) so has a cash value
- 3. Extended term maximizes the death benefit because same death benefit as the original policy

Dividend Options - CRAPO

CASH – tax-free
REDUCE PREMIUM
ACCUMULATE INTEREST – dividend is tax-free but interest it earns is taxable income
PAID-UP ADDITIONS – whole life
ONE-YEAR TERM (ART)

RIDERS

Guaranteed insurability – lets you buy more insurance without health questions

- Premium goes up because :
- it is a new policy,
- Because of age (class)
- Not because of health, can't ask about health

Between ages 25 and 40 every 3 years

Waiver of premium – insurance company pays premium for you if you become disabled

- Keeps the policy in force
- Waiting period (elimination period) 3-6 months (you pay premiums during this time),
- After waiting period, the company pays premium and refunds you the waiting period premiums

Waiver of monthly deduction – same as waiver of premium but for flexible premium policies (universal)

Payor rider – same as waiver of premium, but for juvenile policies

• If adult premium payor becomes disabled, insurance company pays premiums until the kid is 25 or the policy is paid-up, whichever is first

Long-term care rider – Exclusion: Does not pay if suicide attempt is the reason you can't do ADLs

COLA rider – Maintains the value/spending power/purchasing power of the benefit, protects against inflation

Benefit goes up each year with Consumer Price Index

Return of Premium rider – term policies only; returns the premium if insured does not die during the term period